§ 1002.20

§ 1002.20 Does USERRA protect an individual who does not actually perform service in the uniformed services?

Yes. Employers are prohibited from taking actions against an individual for any of the activities protected by the Act, whether or not he or she has performed service in the uniformed services

§ 1002.21 Do the Act's prohibitions against discrimination and retaliation apply to all employment positions?

The prohibitions against discrimination and retaliation apply to all covered employers (including hiring halls and potential employers, see sections 1002.36 and .38) and employment positions, including those that are for a brief, nonrecurrent period, and for which there is no reasonable expectation that the employment position will continue indefinitely or for a significant period. However, USERRA's reemployment rights and benefits do not apply to such brief, nonrecurrent positions of employment.

§ 1002.22 Who has the burden of proving discrimination or retaliation in violation of USERRA?

The individual has the burden of proving that a status or activity protected by USERRA was one of the reasons that the employer took action against him or her, in order to establish that the action was discrimination or retaliation in violation of USERRA. If the individual succeeds in proving that the status or activity protected by USERRA was one of the reasons the employer took action against him or her, the employer has the burden to prove the affirmative defense that it would have taken the action anyway.

§ 1002.23 What must the individual show to carry the burden of proving that the employer discriminated or retaliated against him or her?

- (a) In order to prove that the employer discriminated or retaliated against the individual, he or she must first show that the employer's action was motivated by one or more of the following:
- (1) Membership or application for membership in a uniformed service;

- (2) Performance of service, application for service, or obligation for service in a uniformed service:
- (3) Action taken to enforce a protection afforded any person under USERRA;
- (4) Testimony or statement made in or in connection with a USERRA proceeding:
- (5) Assistance or participation in a USERRA investigation; or,
- (6) Exercise of a right provided for by USERRA.
- (b) If the individual proves that the employer's action was based on one of the prohibited motives listed in paragraph (a) of this section, the employer has the burden to prove the affirmative defense that the action would have been taken anyway absent the USERRA-protected status or activity.

Subpart C—Eligibility For Reemployment

GENERAL ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR REEMPLOYMENT

§ 1002.32 What criteria must the employee meet to be eligible under USERRA for reemployment after service in the uniformed services?

- (a) In general, if the employee has been absent from a position of civilian employment by reason of service in the uniformed services, he or she will be eligible for reemployment under USERRA by meeting the following criteria:
- (1) The employer had advance notice of the employee's service;
- (2) The employee has five years or less of cumulative service in the uniformed services in his or her employment relationship with a particular employer;
- (3) The employee timely returns to work or applies for reemployment; and,
- (4) The employee has not been separated from service with a disqualifying discharge or under other than honorable conditions.
- (b) These general eligibility requirements have important qualifications and exceptions, which are described in detail in §\$1002.73 through 1002.138. If the employee meets these eligibility criteria, then he or she is eligible for